Insecticide Netting

To Prevent Insect Infestation at Food Facilities





CUMMULATIVE MORTALITY AFTER ONLY A 5
MINUTE EXPOSURE IN 5 OF 8 SPECIES TESTED

MOVEMENT REDUCTION AFTER EXPOSURE

PROGENY REDUCTION IN SIMULATED WAREHOUSES

TH UCOL



WAYS TO DEPLOY NETTING



\$0.58/sq. ft.



- Long-lasting insecticide netting-incorporated netting (LLIN) may be an ideal way to prevent insects from reaching commodities in facilities or to prevent movement of insects between different parts of facilities.
- We tested LLIN with 0.4% deltamethrin produced by Vestergaard Inc. and distributed by AgBio, Inc. for post-harvest purposes.
- Even brief contact with LLIN by insects has profound negative effects on movement and dispersal that are immediate and long-lived.
- Although long exposures are required for rapid kill, repeated short exposures have same effect.





More Info on Project & Other Post-Harvest Resources







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This work was funded, in part, by NIFA CPPM **Grant#2017-70006-**









Insecticide Netting Efficacy Against Stored Product Insects



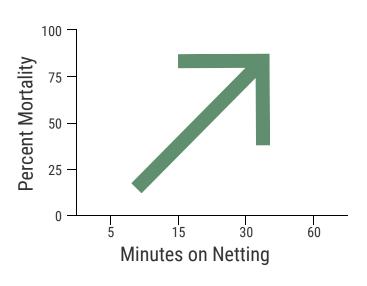
Effective on
8+ species
 (and counting)



*after a 10 minute exposure

98% knockdown
of lesser grain borer
64% knockdown
of red flour beetle
adults with 4 hours

- Insects are directly exposed to the insecticide by walking
- Knockdown within hours
- Mortality can be observed after 1 day for many species



Increasing exposure time **Increases** mortality

2%

97%

100%

Effect on beetles after a 15 minute exposure on netting

Red Flour Beetle Maize Weevil Lesser Grain Borer Warehouse Beetle Cigarette Beetle

